"Društvene mreže" istraživača

Otvoreni pristup nauci

Igor Pašti

Istraživanje

- Identifikacija tematike/Pretraga literature
- Postavka eksperimenta
- Izrada eksperimenta
- Analiza i diskusija rezultata
- Priprema publikacije
- Proces publikovanja

Proces publikovanja

- Publikacija u naučnom časopisu, monografiji, prezentacija na naučnom skupu
- Odabrati pogodan časopis/konferenciju
- Po pravilu članci koji su poslati u naučni časopis
 podvrgavaju se recenziji (ako to nije slučaj ne publikujte
 u takvom časopisu)

Recenzija / Peer review

- Peer review is the evaluation of work by one or more people with similar competences as the producers of the work (peers). It functions as a form of self-regulation by qualified members of a profession within the relevant field. Peer review methods are used to maintain quality standards, improve performance, and provide credibility. In academia, scholarly peer review is often used to determine an academic paper's suitability for publication. (wikipedia)
- Tipovi peer review-a
- Open peer review
- Single blinded
- Double blinded
- Triple blinded

Recenzija / Peer review

Peer Review Variables

Transparency



Closed peer review

- · Single blind
- · Double blind
- . Triple blind



Open peer review

- Names of reviewers/editors may be visible
- · Reviewers' reports may be published
- Editorial decision/comments may be public

Timing and Location



Pre-publication

- Review submitted on preprint server prior to author submission to journal
- · Review submitted through journal peer review system after author submission to journal
- Reviews accompany manuscript when transferred to a different journal within publisher/society/subject network



Post-publication

- · Alongside published article as formal part of editorial process
- · Informal: blogs, social media, etc.

Reviewer Selection



Authors can suggest

Preferred or non-preferred reviewers



Editors invite reviewers

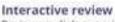


Reviewers "bid" for papers

Review Process



Independent review



Reviewers dialogue with authors



Collaborative review

Reviewers can discuss feedback with each other to reach more informed. assessment of article

Assessment of...

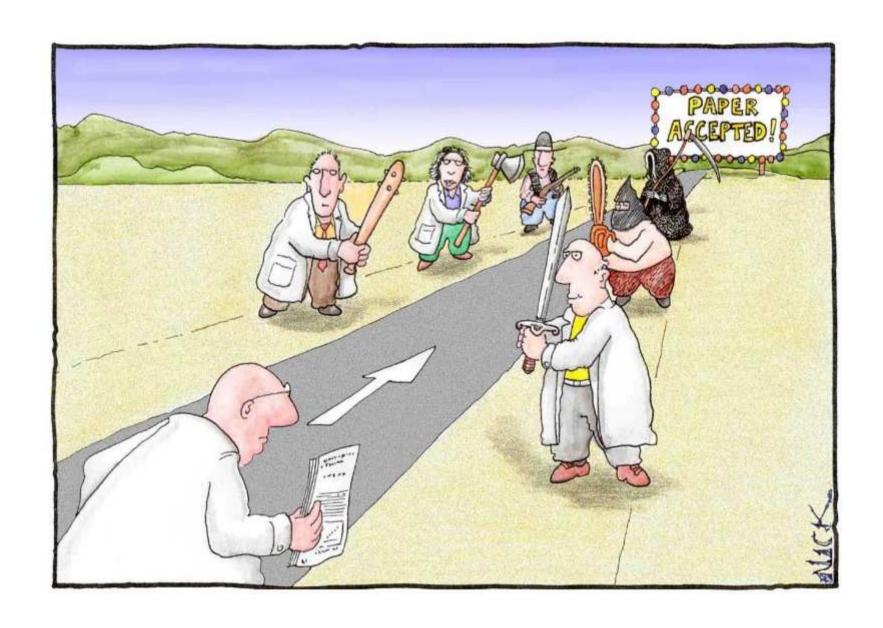


Science only





· Impact



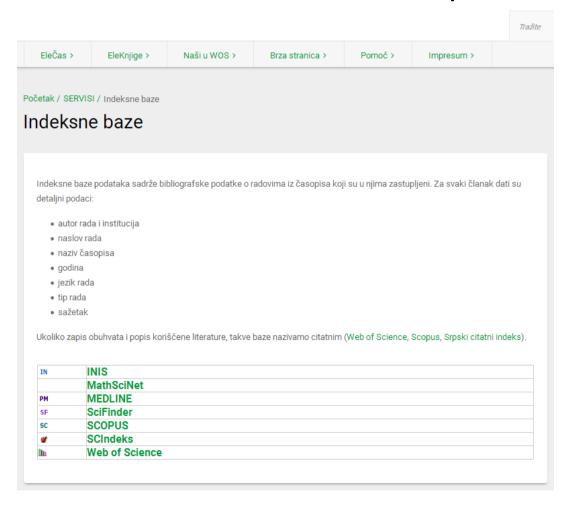
https://substance.etsmtl.ca/en/analyzing-and-assessing-research-bibliometrics-and-its-drawbacks

Objavili ste rad – čestitamo!

I šta sad?

Objavili ste rad – čestitamo!

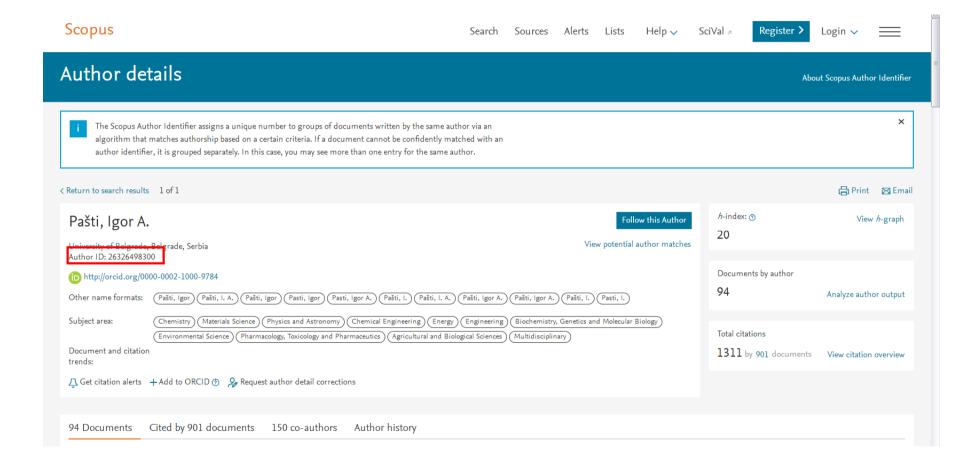
Vaš naučni rad biće indeksiran na puno mesta



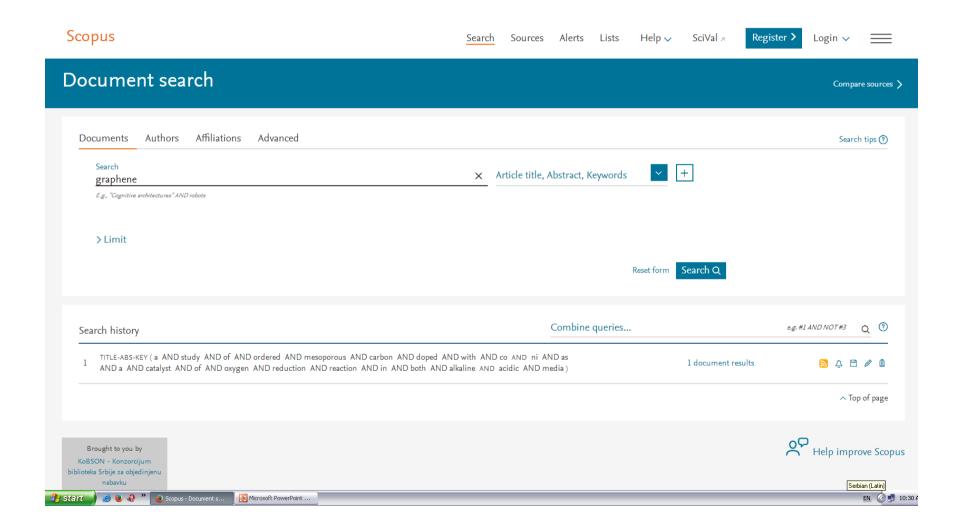
Objavili ste rad – čestitamo!



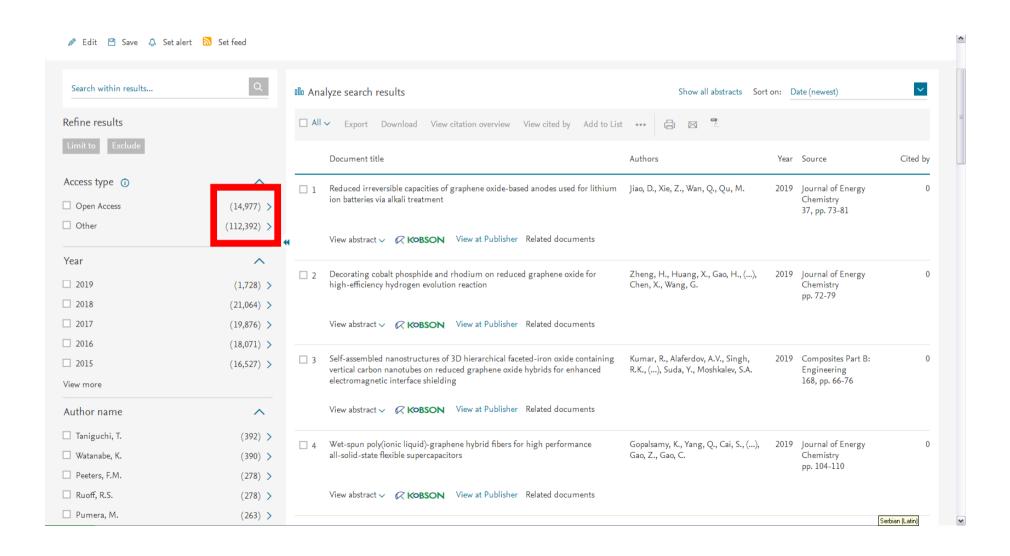
Scopus



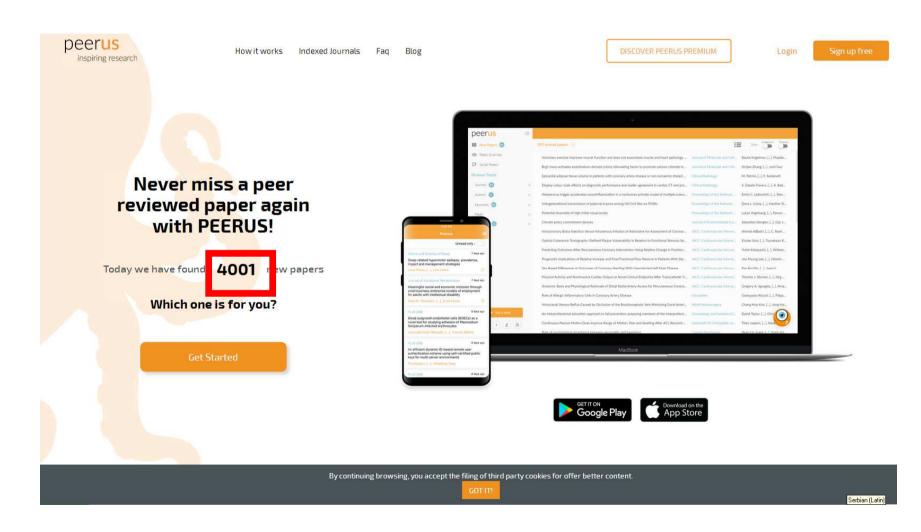
Kažete, objavili ste rad?



Kažete, objavili ste rad?



I i dalje mislite da će to neko da vidi?



Kako da učinite da vaš rad bude uočljiviji?



Stand on the shoulders of giants.

Google Scholar provides a simple way to broadly search for scholarly literature. From one place, you can search across many disciplines and sources: articles, theses, books, abstracts and court opinions, from academic publishers, professional societies, online repositories, universities and other web sites. Google Scholar helps you find relevant work across the world of scholarly research.





Features of Google Scholar

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- . Explore related works, citations, authors, and publications
- . Locate the complete document through your library or on the web
- . Keep up with recent developments in any area of research
- Check who's citing your publications, create a public author profile



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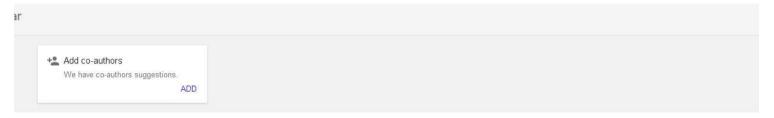
Features of Google Scholar

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- . Explore related works, citations, authors, and publications
- . Locate the complete document through your library or on the web
- . Keep up with recent developments in any area of research
- Check who's citing your publications, create a public author profile

How are documents ranked?

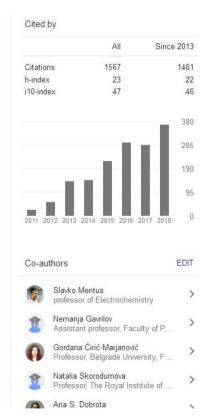
Google Scholar aims to rank documents the way researchers do, weighing the full text of each document, where it was published, who it was written by, as well as how often and how recently it has been cited in other scholarly literature.

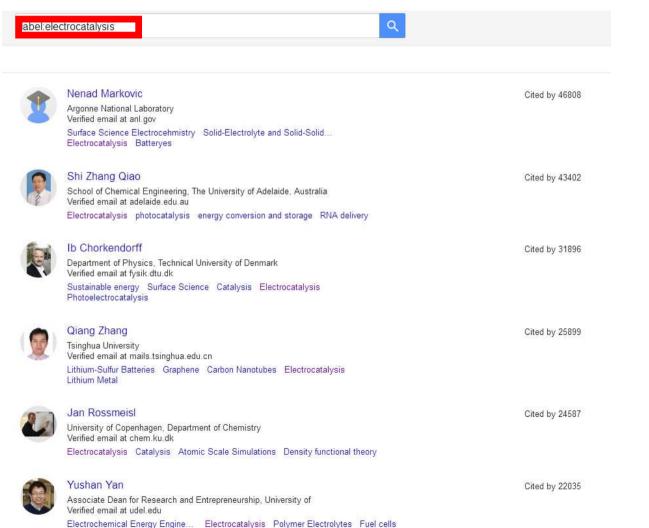




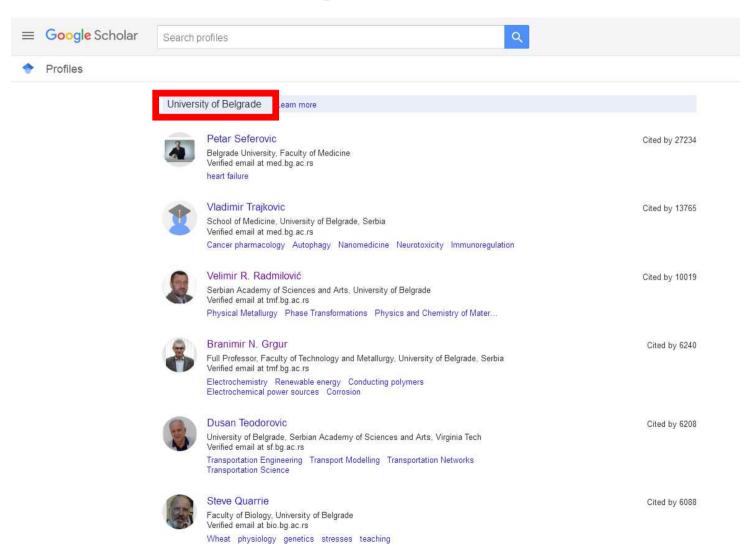


TITLE		÷			CITED BY	YEAR
Electrocatalysis of oxygen reduction reaction on polyaniline-derived nitrogen-doped carbon nanoparticle surfaces in alkaline media N Gavrilov, IA Pašti, M Mitrić, J Travas-Sejdić, G Ćirić-Marjanović, Journal of Power Sources 220, 306-316					90	2012
High-performance charge storage by N-containing nanostructured carbon derived from polyaniline N Gavrilov, IA Pašti, M Vujković, J Travas-Sejdic, G Ćirić-Marjanović, Carbon 50 (10), 3915-3927					85	2012
Carbonised polyaniline and polypyrrole: towards advanced nitrogen-containing carbon materials G Ćirić-Marjanović, I Pašti, N Gavrilov, A Janošević, S Mentus Chemical Papers 67 (8), 781-813					77	2013
One-dimensional nitrogen-containing carbon nanostructures G Ĉirić-Marjanović, I Pašti, S Mentus Progress in Materials Science 69, 61-182					61	2015
upon a M Vujko	low-ten	nperature hy vrilov, I Pašti, c	ectrocatalytic properties of carbonized nanostru drothermal treatment J Krstić, J Travas-Sejdic,	ctured polyaniline	57	2013
			of V2O5 xerogel in aqueous LiNO3 solution		48	2009

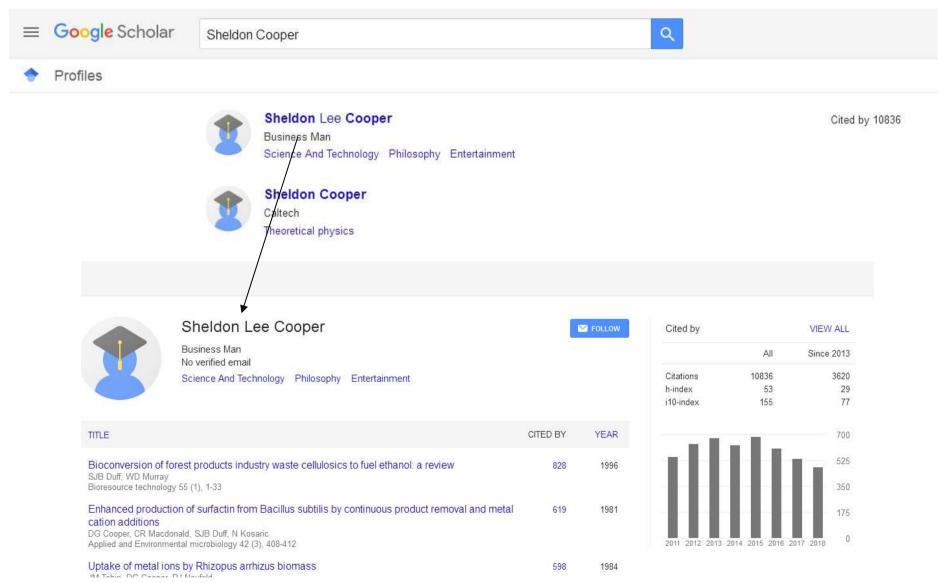




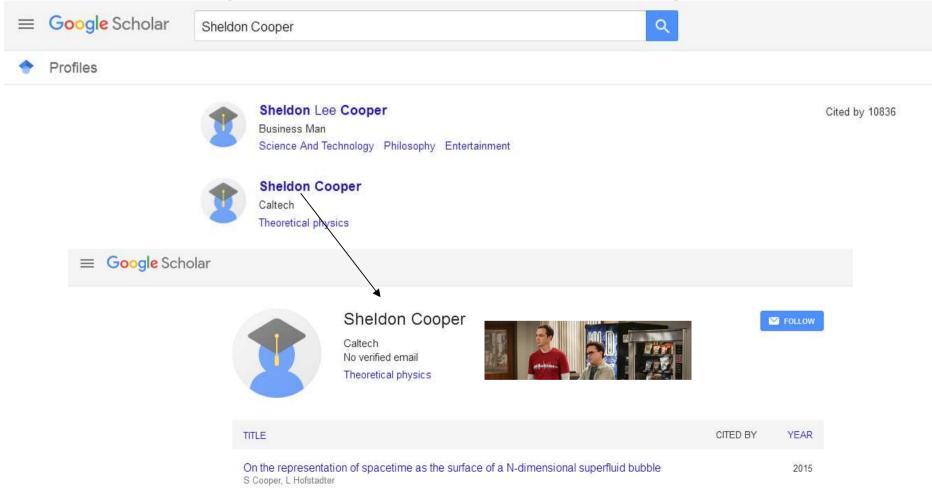
Nemate nalog?



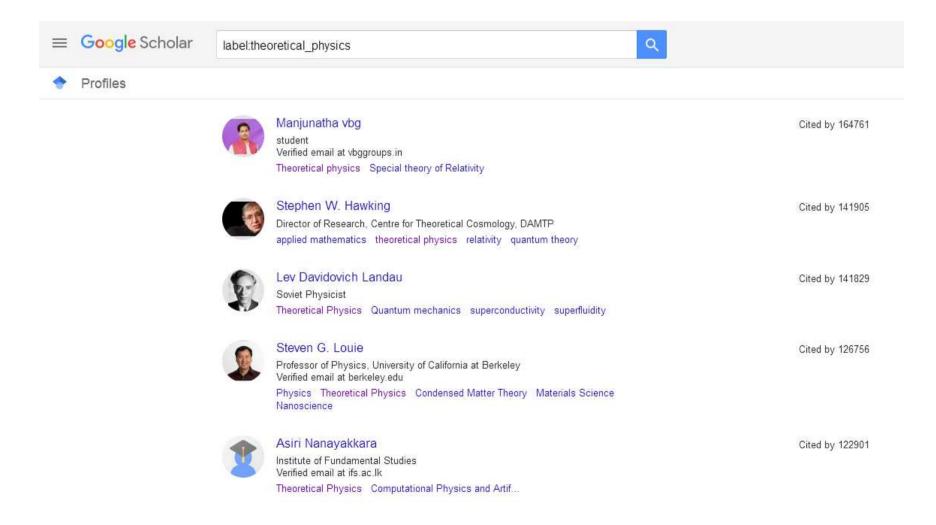
Google Scholar – demokratska baza



(demokratska baza)

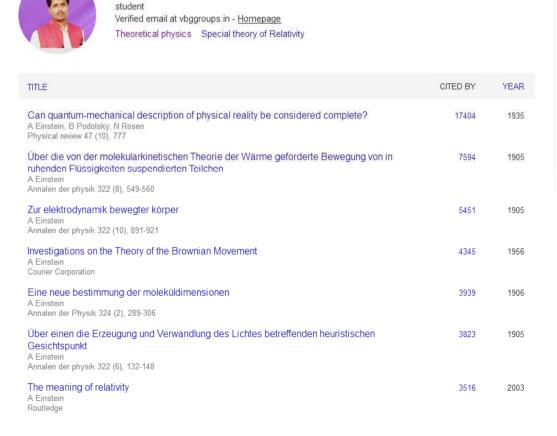


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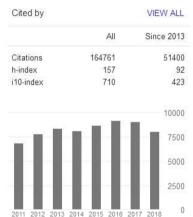


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Manjunatha vbg



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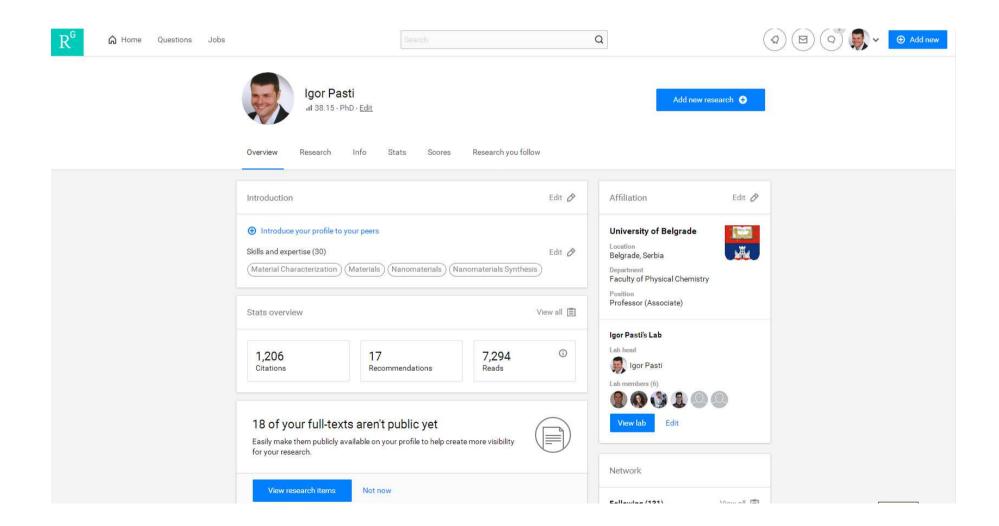
Ipak...

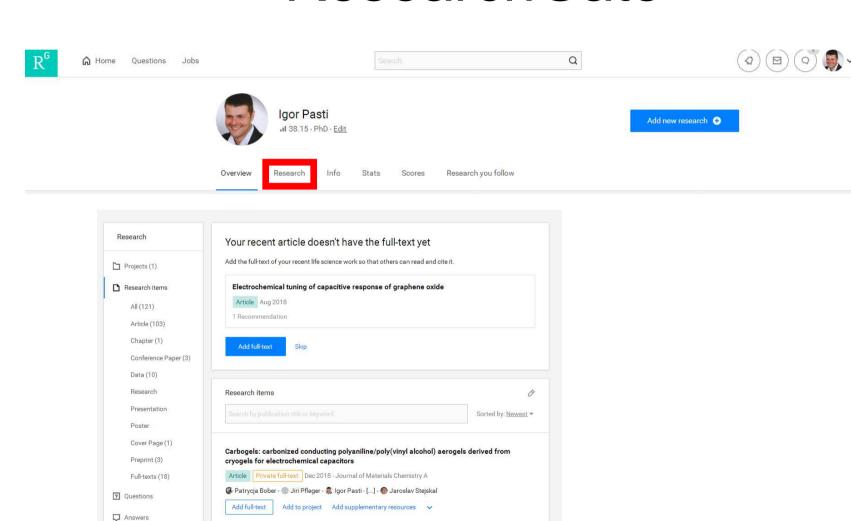
Google Scholar je odlična stvar

Statistika

Ograničene mogućnosti pretraživanja

 ResearchGate is a social networking site for scientists and researchers to share papers, ask and answer questions, and find collaborators. According to a study by Nature and an article in Times Higher Education, it is the largest academic social network in terms of active users, although other services have more registered users and more recent data suggests that almost as many academics have Google Scholar profiles.



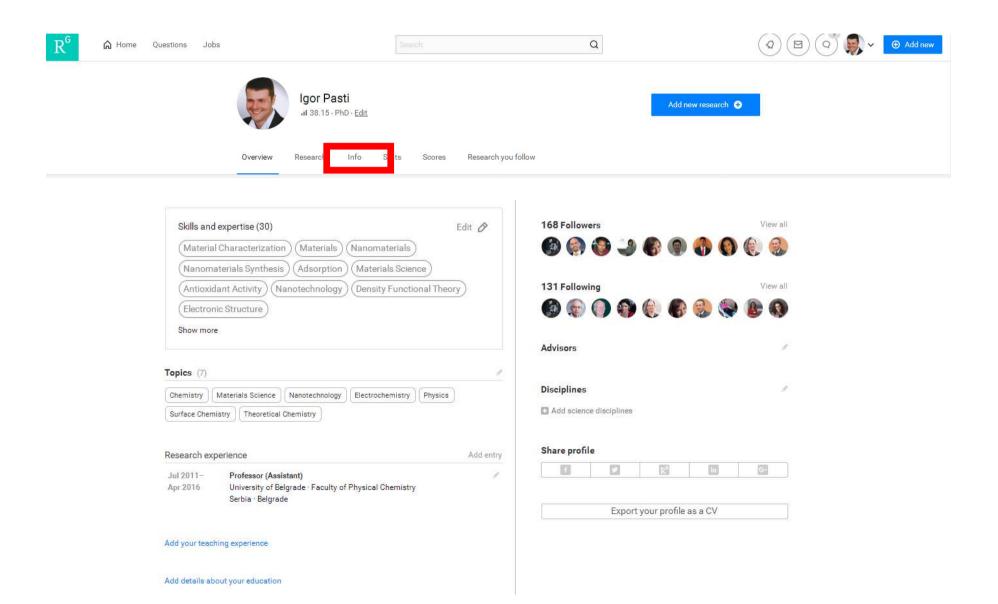


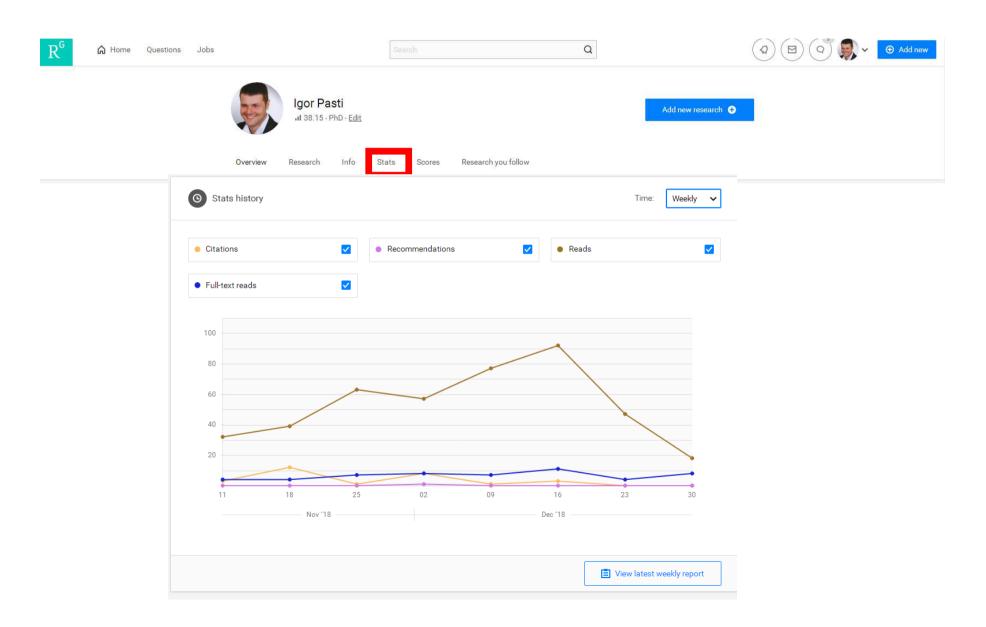
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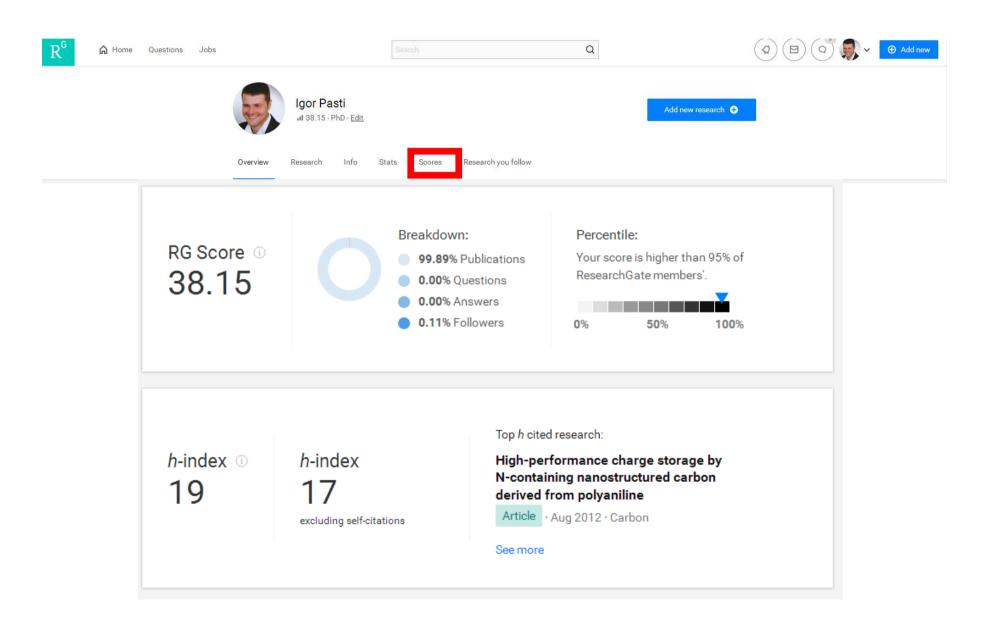
🐧 Nataša P. Diklić · 🚯 Ana Dobrota · 🤱 Igor Pasti · [...] · 📵 Natalia V. Skorodumova

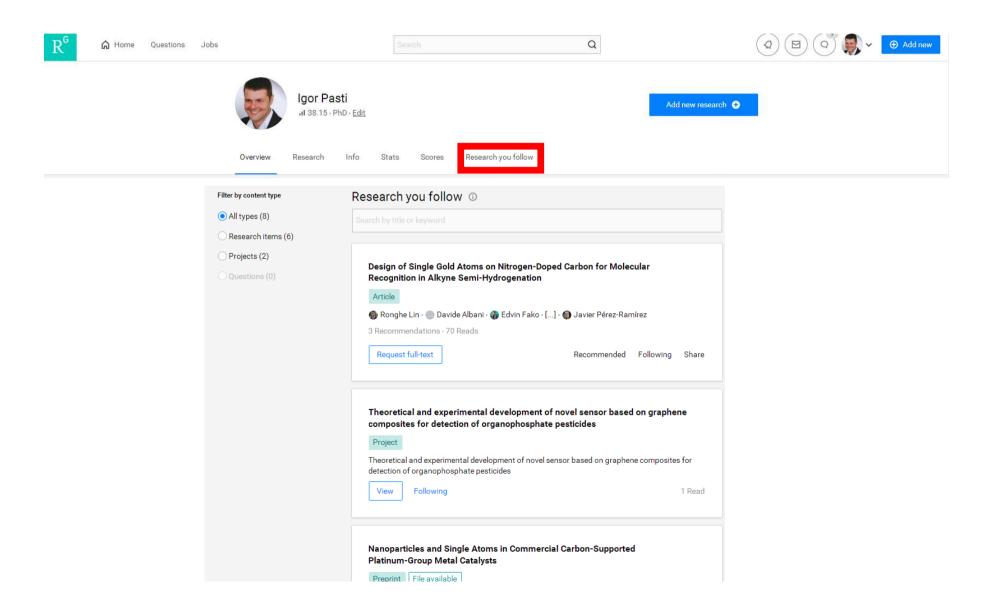
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2. Confirm your authorship









O&A Ask a technical question to get answers from experts or start a scientific discussion with your peers. Ask a technical question Start a discussion Questions we think you can answer Questions you follow Questions you asked Your skills and expertise (30) Muhammad Wagas Khalid 5h ago asked a question in Activation Energy Material Characterization DFT Calculations How to calculate activation energy for sintering from plot of ln(dT/dt Polyaniline Nanorods Surfaces * dp/dT * T) vs 1/T in constant heating rate method? Cyclic Voltammetry Voltammetry New question 1 answer Electrochemistry Adsorption I want to calculate activation energy for sintering of Al203 via constant heating Electronic Structure rate method. I will choose three different heating rates. In all the papers I read, I can understand how to plot the graphs until ln(dT/dt * dp/dT * T) vs 1/T. But further i cannot understand how they calculate the activation energy from this View all skills plot, and how they use the slope of this graph to find the activation energy. Kindly Sintering Papers Powder Metallurgy Dilatometry 4 Reads Answer Who to follow Follow **Boris Rakvin** Recommend Share Follow Co-author Md. Washim Akram follows this question Reinhard Kissner Follow Co-author Jiri Pfleger Follow Co-author 29m ago asked a question in Potentiostat

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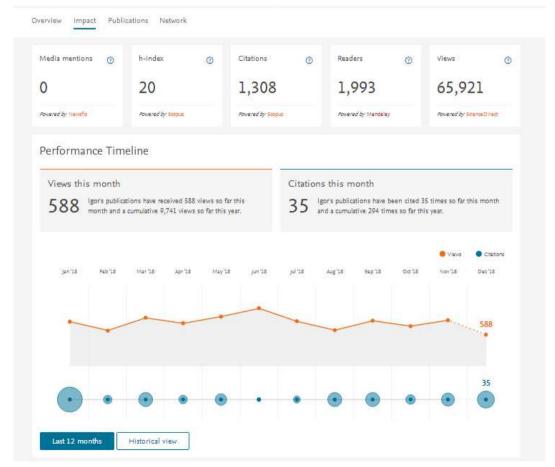
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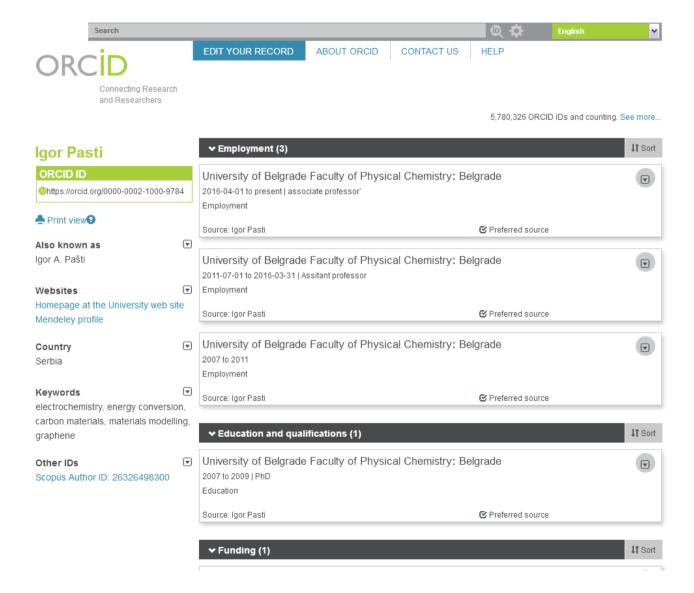
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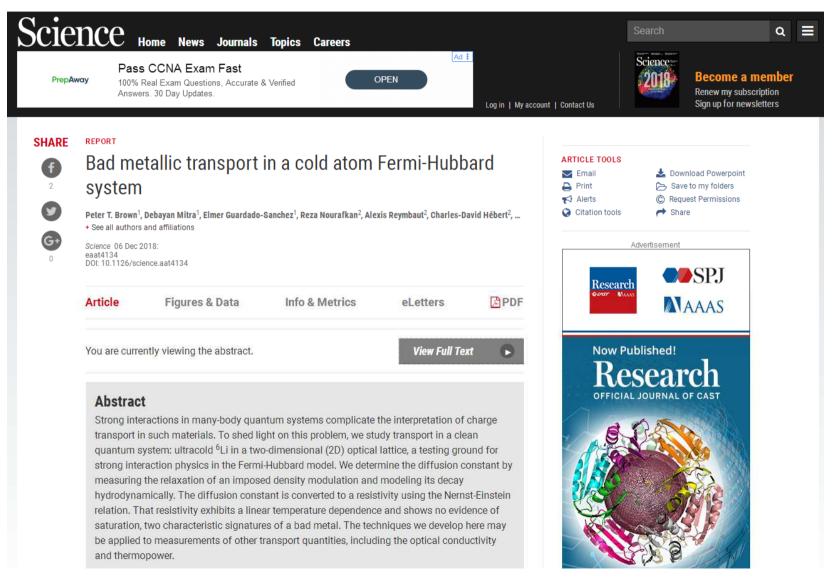
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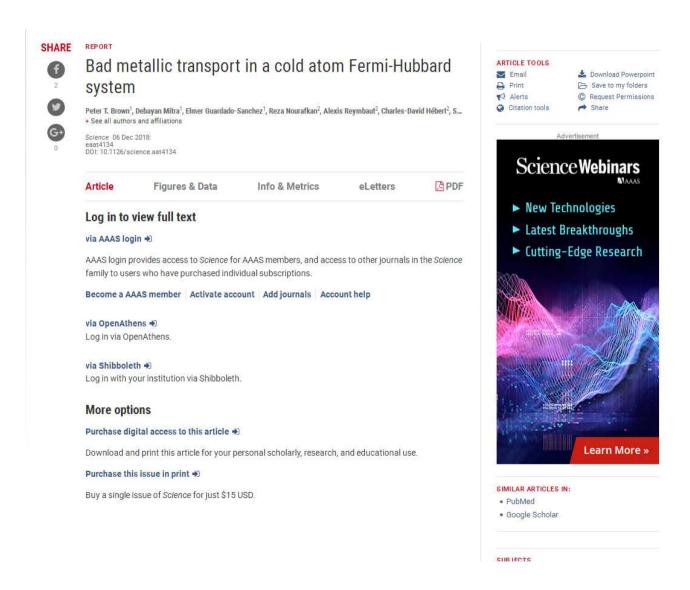
Da sumiramo

- Potrebno je učiniti naučni rad uočljivijim u krugovima koji se bave istom tematikom
- Društvene mreže mogu da pomognu u tome, ali i u uspostavljanju novih kontakata (nove saradnje, novi projekti)
- Koristite ih ozbiljno
- Uzmite ih sa rezervom

Video sam jako zanimljiv rad...

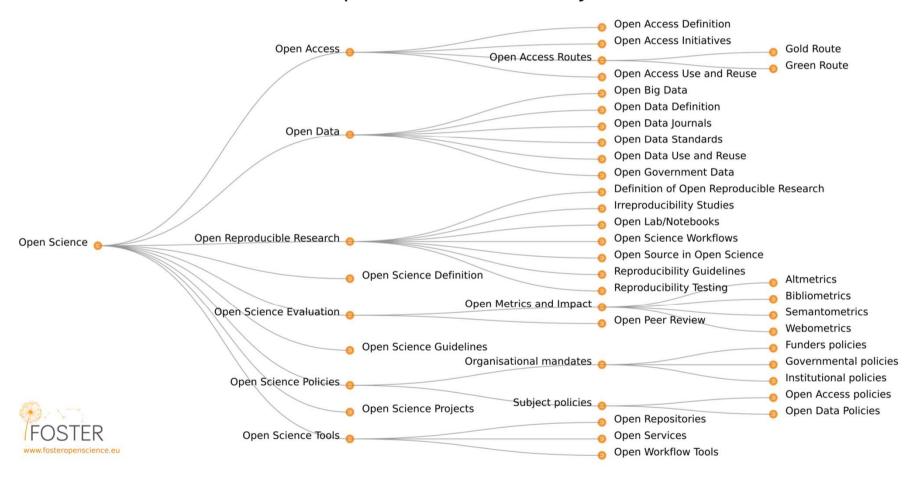


Ali ne mogu da ga pročitam...



Open Science

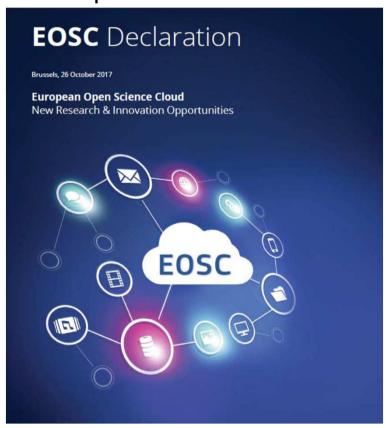
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Open Science

"Istraživanja su javno finansirana treba pa treba da budu i javno dostupna"





Brussels, 26 October 2017

EOSC Declaration Action List

Data culture

European science must be grounded in a common culture of data stewardship, so that research data is recognised as a significant output of research and is appropriately curated throughout and after the period conducting the research. Only a considerable cultural change will enable long-term reuse for science and for innovation of data created by research activities: no disciplines, institutions or countries must be left behind.

✓ OpenAIRE offered to help to involve research libraries for policy alignment and for a user-driven approach that also reach the 'long tail of research'.

Skills

The necessary skills and education in research data management, data stewardship and data science should be provided throughout the EU as part of higher education, the training system and on-the-job best practice in the industry. University associations, research organisations, research libraries and other educational brokers play an important role but they need substantial support from the European Commission and the Member States.

- ✓ The League of European Research Universities (LERU) offered to raise
 awareness and help develop training activities for staff and doctoral students.
- / opening of the total t

Plan S

- The plan is structured around ten principles. The key principle states that by 2020, research funded by public grants must be published in open access journals or platforms. The ten principles are:
- authors should retain copyright on their publications, which must be published under an open license such as Creative Commons;
- the members of the coalition should establish robust criteria and requirements for compliant open access journals and platforms;
- they should also provide incentives for the creation of compliant open access journals and platforms if they do not yet exist;
- publication fees should be covered by the funders or universities, not individual researchers;
- such publication fees should be standardized and capped;
- universities, research organizations, and libraries should align their policies and strategies;
- for books and monographs, the timeline may be extended beyond 2020;
- open archives and repositories are acknowledged for their importance;
- hybrid open-access journals are not compliant with the key principle;
- members of the coalition should monitor and sanction non-compliance.

OPEN SCIENCE

OPEN ACCESS

Open Access

There are many types of open access, perhaps because it is such a young movement that it's still developing standards. That said, there are three basic types:

Green – refers to self-archiving generally of the pre or post-print in repositories

Gold – refers to articles in fully accessible open access journals

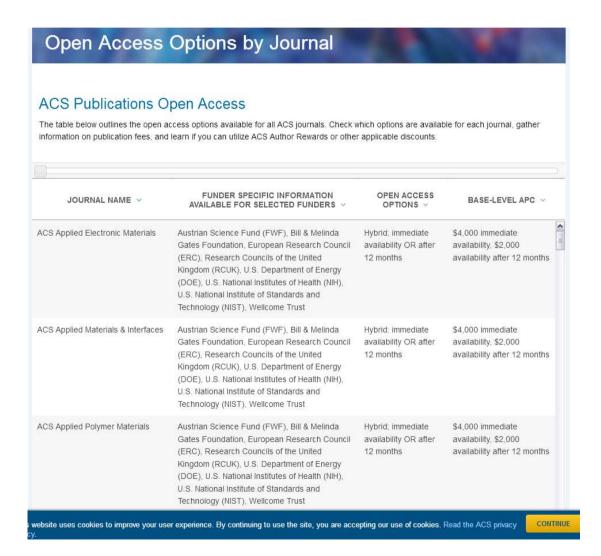
Hybrid – some times called Paid Open Access, refers to subscription journals with open access to individual articles usually when a fee is paid to the publisher or journal by the author, the author's organization, or the research funder. Some of the fees are quite expensive, up to \$5000. Some universities or libraries have a pool of funding available for hybrid journal publications or sometimes funding is written into grant applications for open access in hybrid journals, though these are not common instances.

https://research.library.gsu.edu/c.php?g=115588&p=754380

Open Access

- Though green open access generally refers to the post-print of an article, there are three basic version types that can be self archived in repositories:
- Pre-Prints The author's copy of article before it's been reviewed by the publisher, or pre-reviewed
- Post-Prints The author's copy of article after it's been reviewed and corrected, but before the publisher has formatted it for publication, or post-reviewed.
- Publisher's Version The version that is formatted and appears in print or online.

Open Access



Ako ne mogu da platim kako mogu da učinim moj rad dostupnim?

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Nanocarbons derived from polymers for electrochemical energy conversion and

Article: storage - A review

Corresponding author: Dr. Igor A. Pašti
E-mail address: igor@ffh.bg.ac.rs

Journal: Synthetic Metals

Our reference SYNMET15936
PII: 50379-6779(18)30500-9

DOI: 10.1016/j.synthmet.2018.11.003

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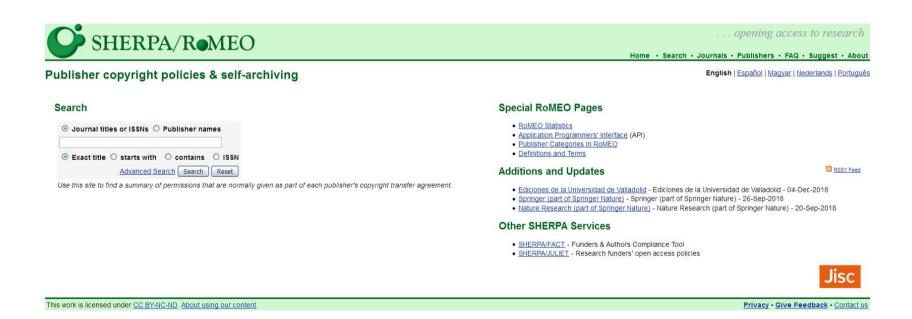
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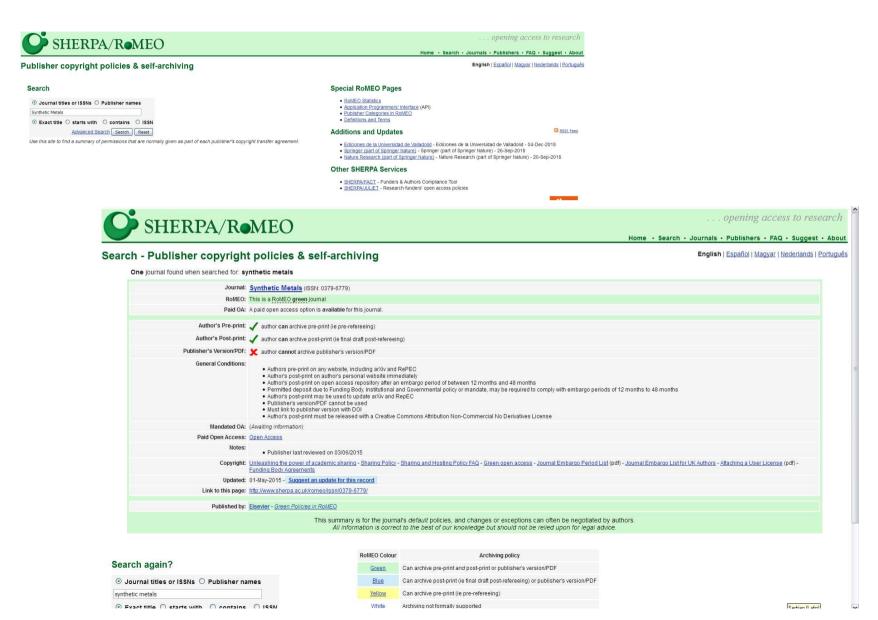
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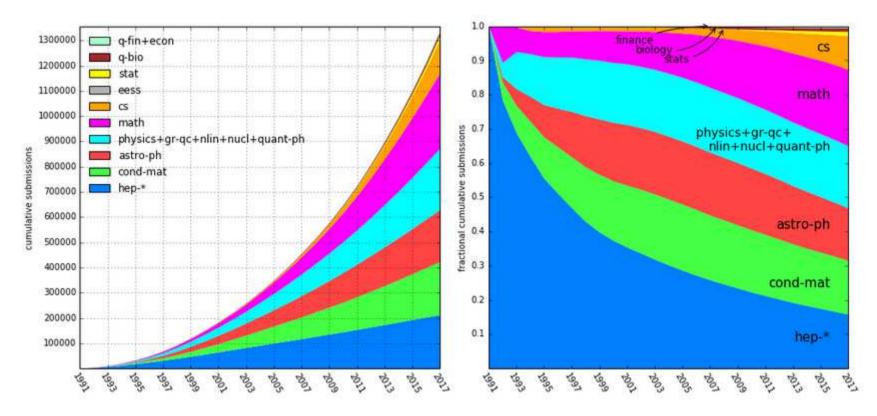
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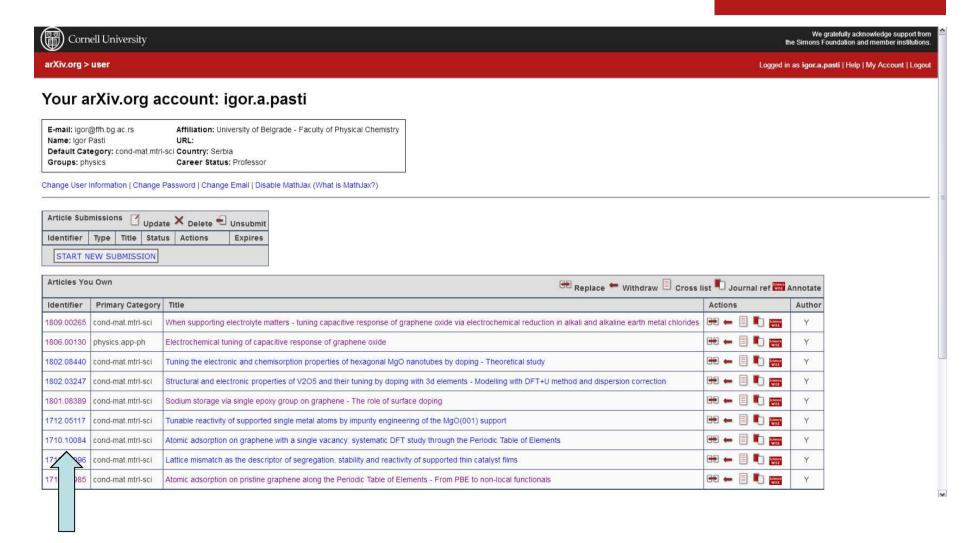




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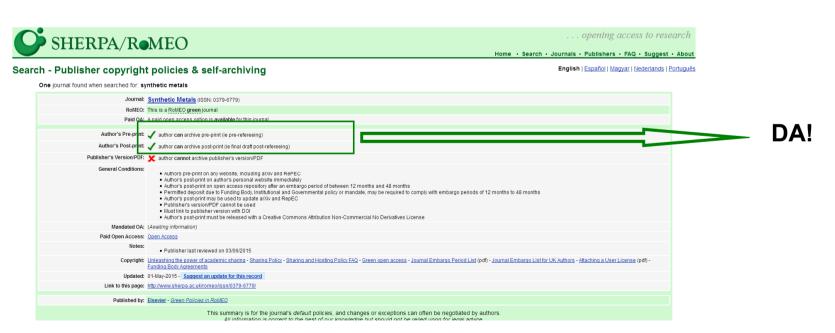
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Nanocarbons derived from polymers for electrochemical energy conversion and storage - A review

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1 Manuscript for the special issue of Synthetic Metals 24 electrocatalysts or catalyst supports. Moreover, these materials are often found as parts 2 Electrochemistry of electroactive organic and carbon-based materials Nanocarbons derived from polymers for electrochemical energy 5 conversion and storage - A review 6 Igor A. Pašti¹*, Aleksandra Janošević Ležaić², Nemanja M. Gavrilov¹, Gordana Čirić-8 'University of Belgrade – Faculty of Physical Chemistry, Studentski trg 12-16, 11158 10 ²University of Belgrade – Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Physical Chemistry and 11 Instrumental Methods, Vojvode Stepe 450, 11221 Belgrade, Serbia 35 batteries; electrochemical capacitors 12 Serbian Academy of Sciences and Arts, Knez Mihajlova 35, 11000 Belgrade, Serbia 13 15 Energy demands of modern society require efficient means of energy conversion and 16 storage. Nanocarbons have been identified as versatile materials which combine many 17 desirable properties, allowing them to be used in electrochemical power sources, from 18 electrochemical capacitors to fuel cells. Efficient production of nanocarbons requires 42 Dr. Igor A. Pašti 19 innovative and scalable approaches which allow for tuning of their physical and 20 chemical properties. Carbonization of polymeric nanostructures has been demonstrated 21 as a promising approach for production of high-performance nanocarbons with desired 45 Phone: +381 11 3336 625 22 morphology and variable surface chemical properties. These materials have been

25 of composite electrode materials where they play very important role in boosting 26 materials performance. In this contribution we shall review developments in the field of application of polymer-derived nanocarbons for electrochemical energy conversion and 28 storage applications, covering the last decade. Primary focus will be on golyaniline and 29 polypyrrole but carbons derived from other polymers will also be mentioned. We shall 30 emphasize the link between the physical and chemical properties of ηφηροαγόρης and 31 their performance in electrochemical power sources with an attempt to derive general guidelines for further development of new materials with improved performances. 34 Keywords: polymer-derived carbons: electrochemical energy conversion: fuel cells: 43 University of Belgrade - Faculty of Physical Chemistry 44 Studentski trg 12-16, 11158 Belgrade, Serbia



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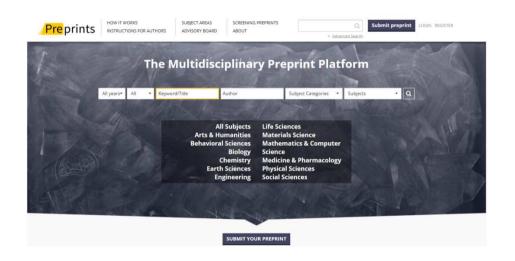
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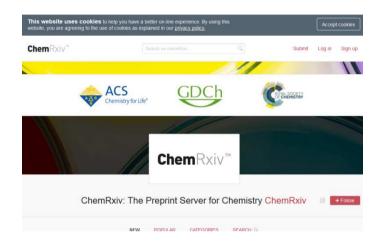


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By Dalmeet Singh Chawla | Oct. 6, 2017 , 5:47 PM

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